

Muon Beam Dynamics in HFOFO Cooling Channel

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Introduction

- Goal: HFOfO optimization using stochastic reference particle.
 - Implement a stochastic reference particle within G4beamline and validate against the nominal reference particle (stochastic disabled by default)
 - Run multiple simulations and summarize the ensemble to find the representative trajectory.
 - Use representative stochastic particle directly for HFOfO channel tuning and optimization eliminating the need for manual tuning.

Implementation & Validation

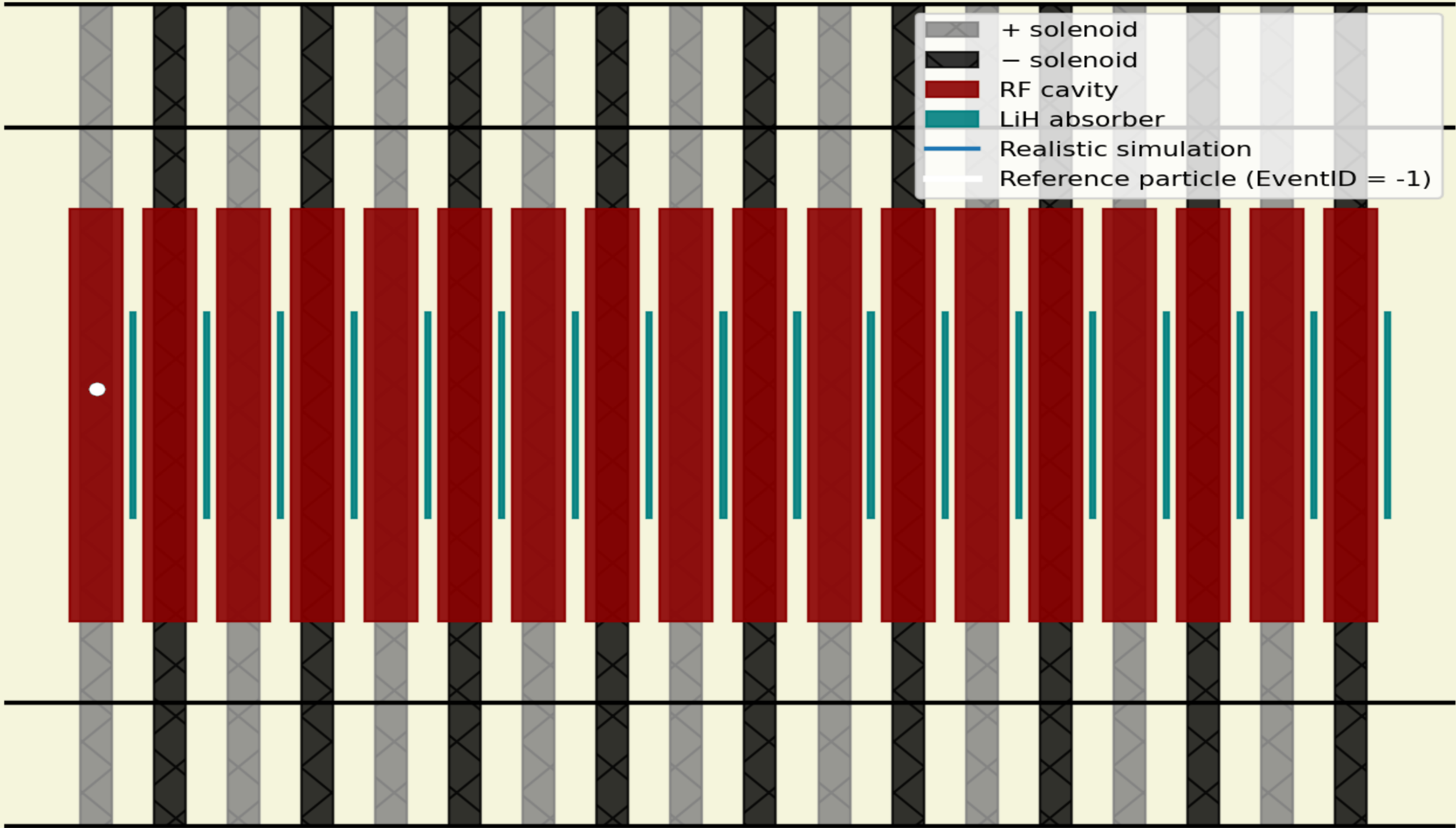
- Stochastic reference particle is implemented in G4beamline with eventID -3 [Slides](#)
- Below table compares the average energy loss of beam and reference particles (with and without stochastic effects) through carbon and LiH absorbers.

Average dE/dx (MeV/cm) 	Reference particle	Beam, no stochastics	Beam, with stochastics	Stochastic reference particle	Bethe-bloch
2.5 mm carbon absorber "tube" 200 MeV muon	3.24	3.24	3.26	3.16 ± 1.17	3.29
LiH wedge absorber HFOFO 200 MeV muon	1.72	1.72	1.73	1.90 ± 0.49	1.73

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Stochastic Reference Particle: Multiple Simulations



Stochastic Reference Particle: Ensemble Summary

- Mean: point-by-point (at each z) average of the ensemble

$$\langle \Delta \rangle(z) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \Delta_i(z)$$

$$\Delta_i(z) = q_i(z) - q_{\text{nom}}(z), \quad i = 1, \dots, N$$

Deviation from reference trajectory

- **Median: point-by-point (at each z) middle value of the ensemble.**

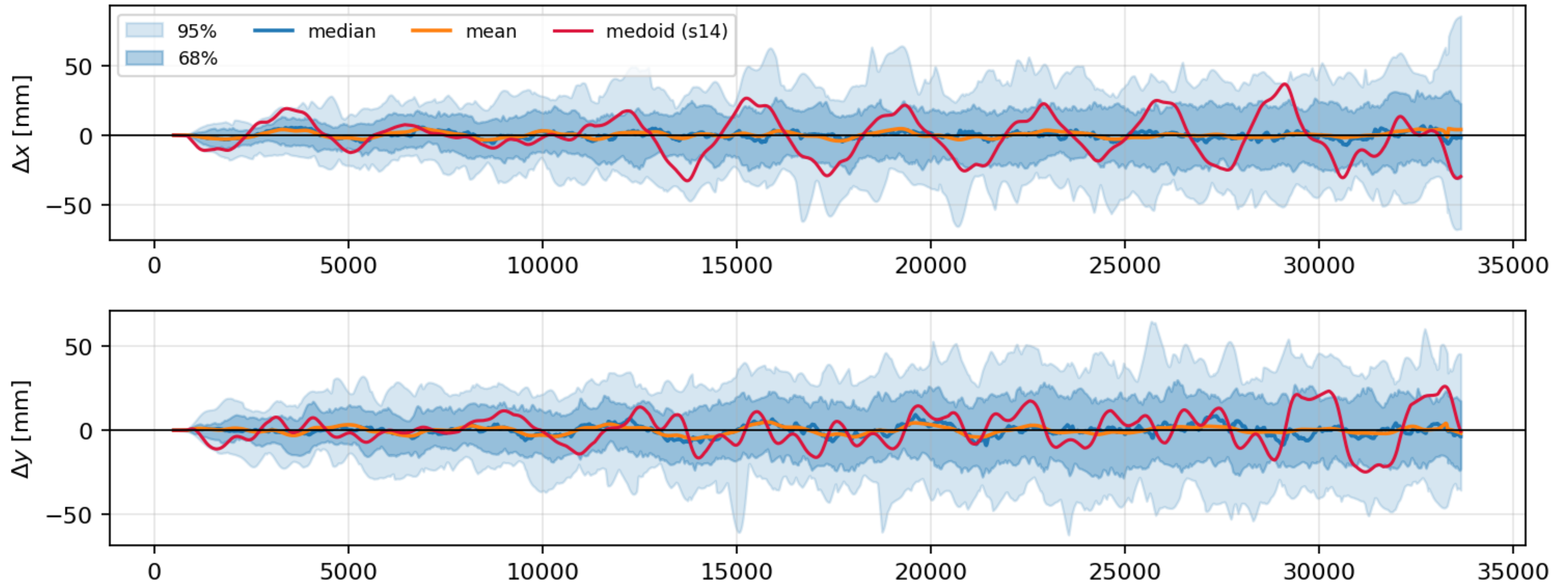
$$\text{med } \Delta(z) = \begin{cases} \Delta_{(\frac{N+1}{2})}(z), & N \text{ odd,} \\ \frac{\Delta_{(\frac{N}{2})}(z) + \Delta_{(\frac{N}{2}+1)}(z)}{2}, & N \text{ even.} \end{cases}$$

- **Medoid: simulation closest to the ensemble center.**

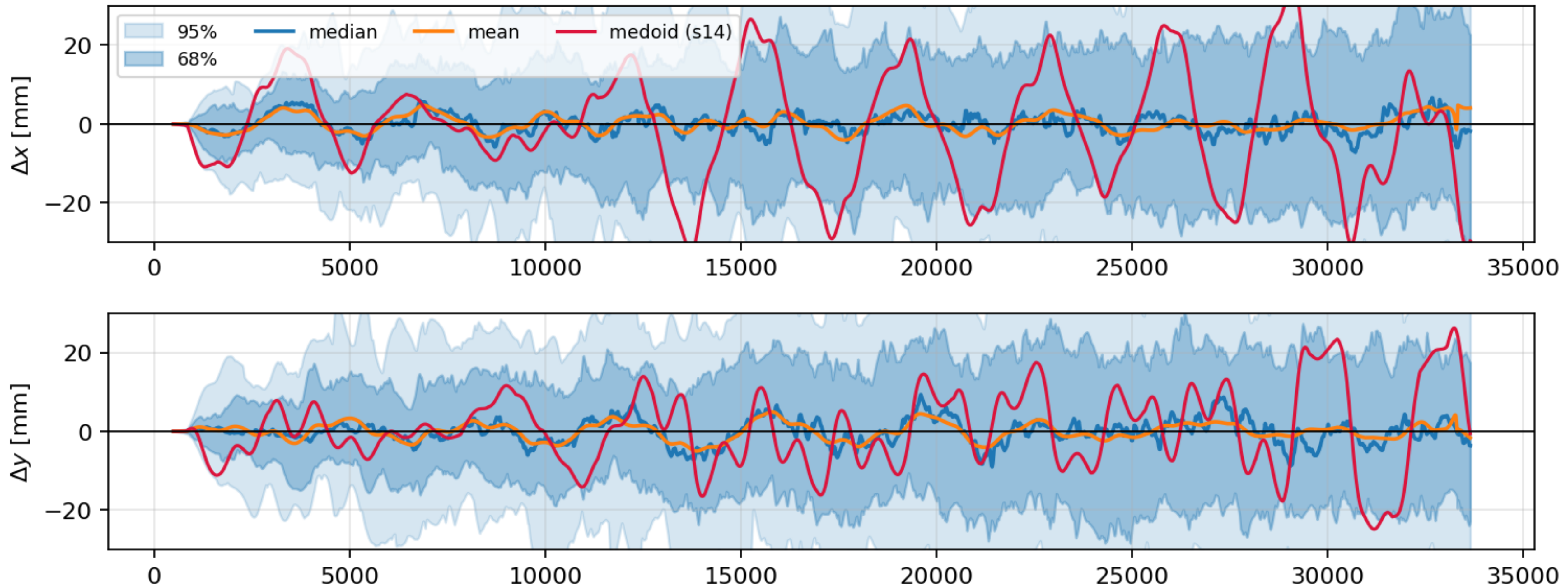
$$i_{\text{medoid}} = \arg \min_{i=1, \dots, N} D_i$$

$$D_i = \sum_{k \in \mathcal{C}} w_k \sqrt{\left\langle \left(\frac{\Delta_i^k(z) - \text{med } \Delta^k(z)}{\sigma_k} \right)^2 \right\rangle_z}$$

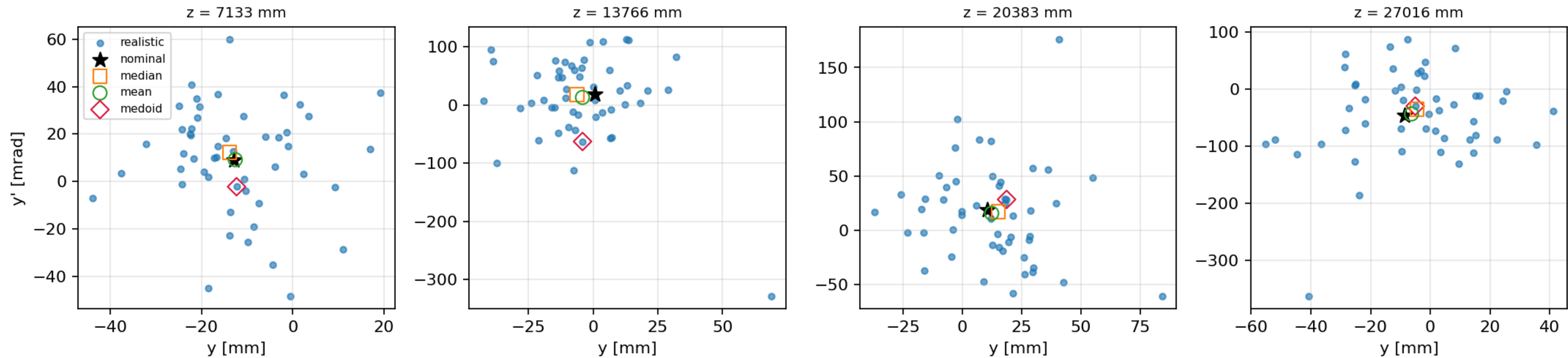
Transverse Deviation



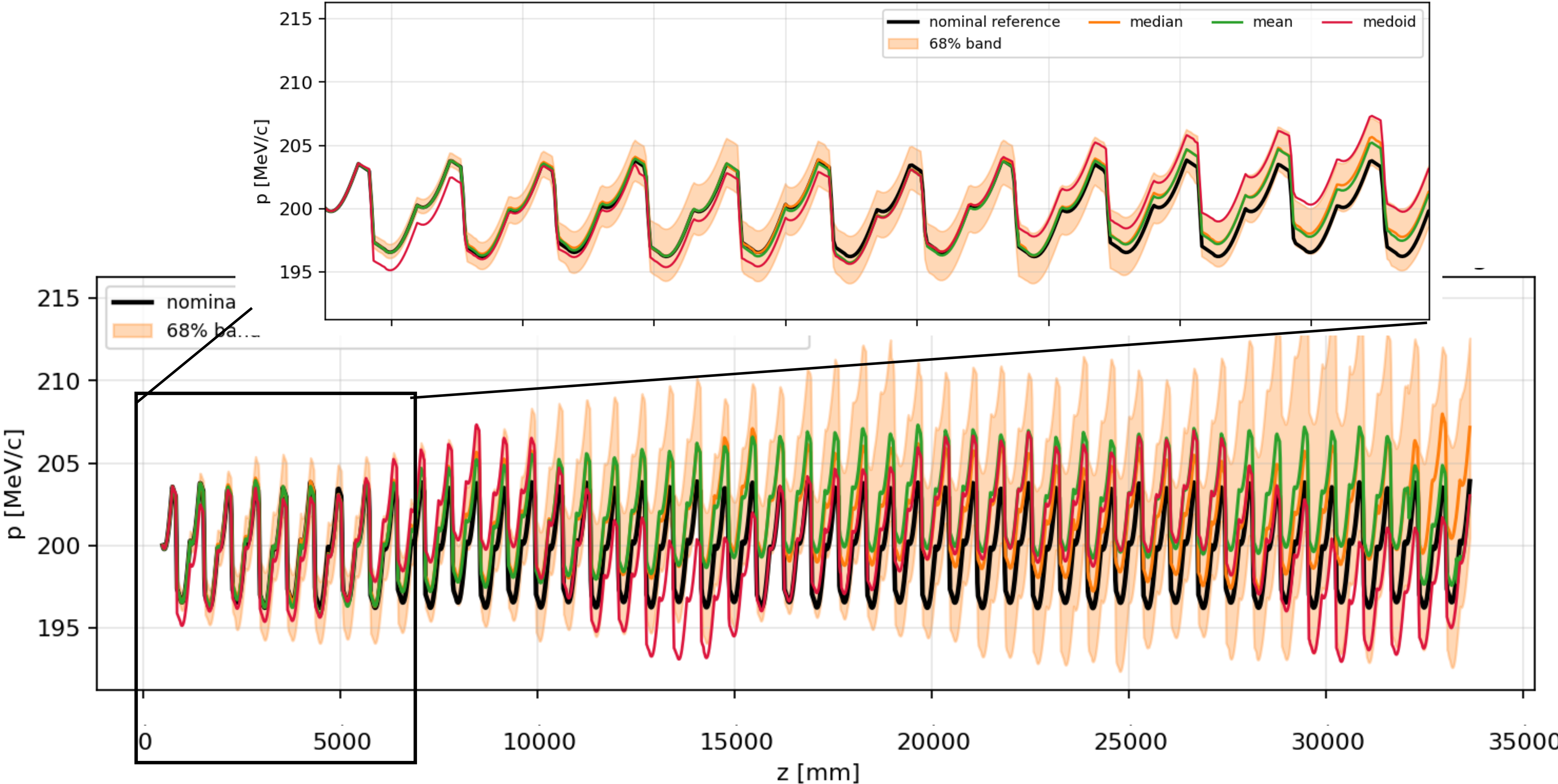
Transverse Deviation



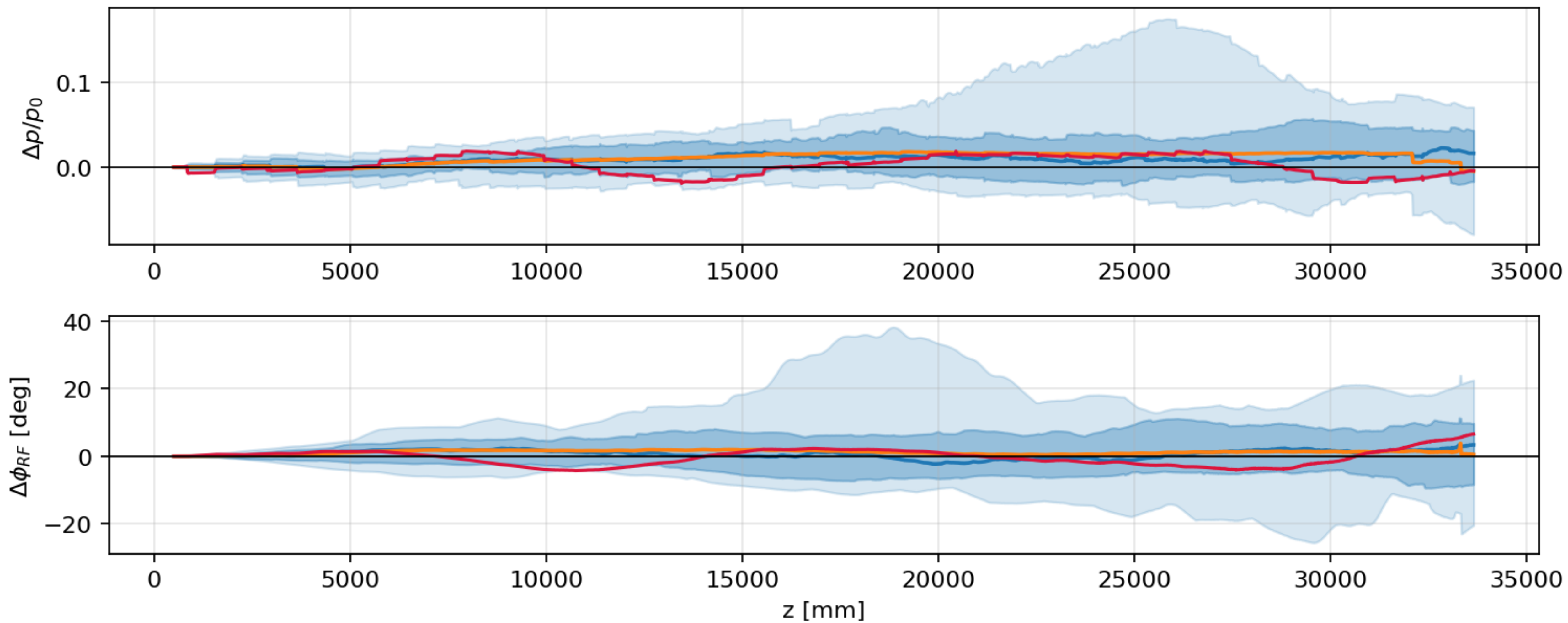
Transverse Phase Space Snapshots



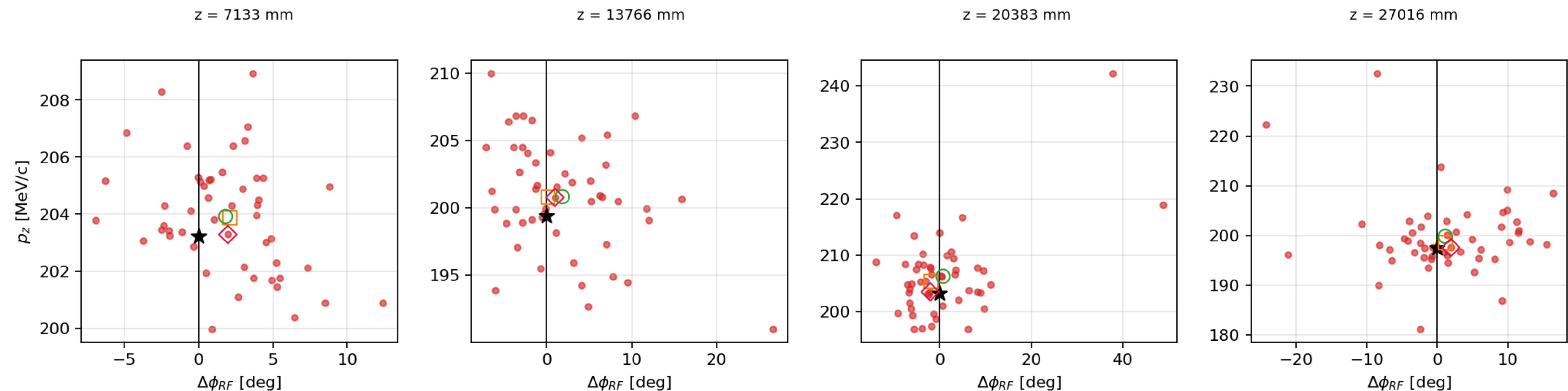
Momentum Distribution



Longitudinal Deviation



Phase Space Snapshots

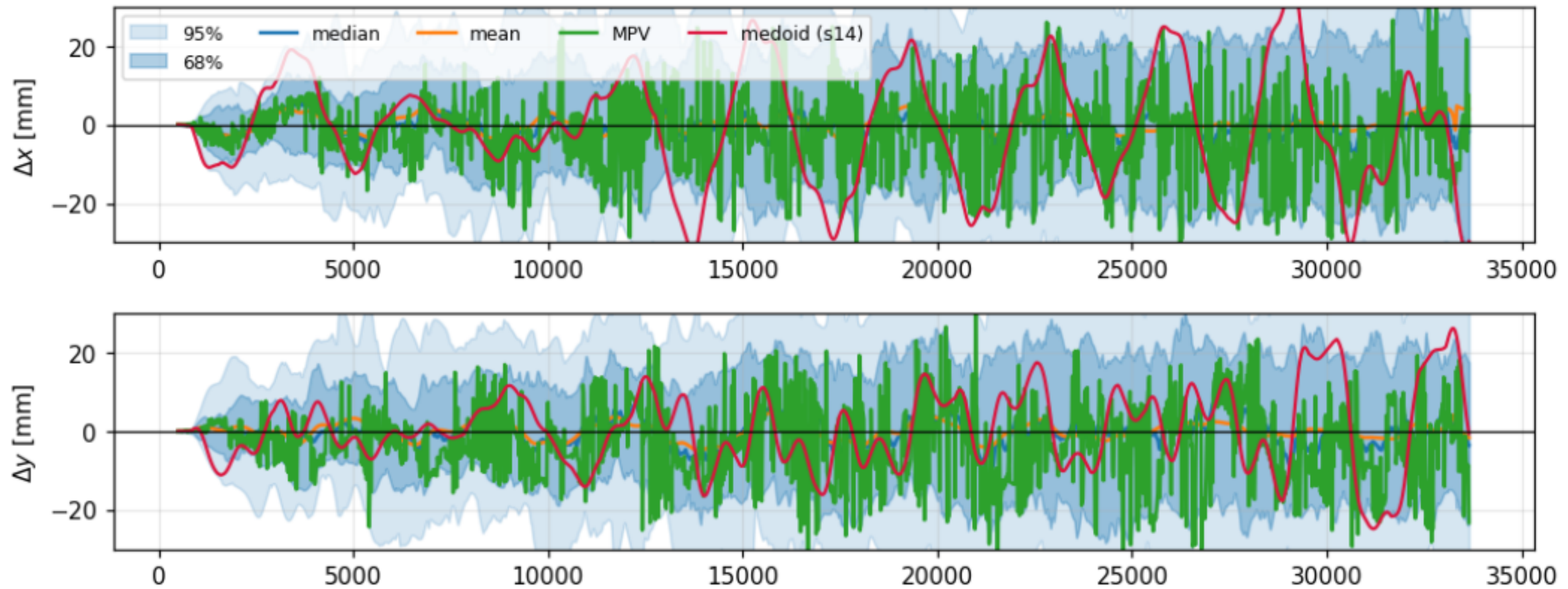


Summary

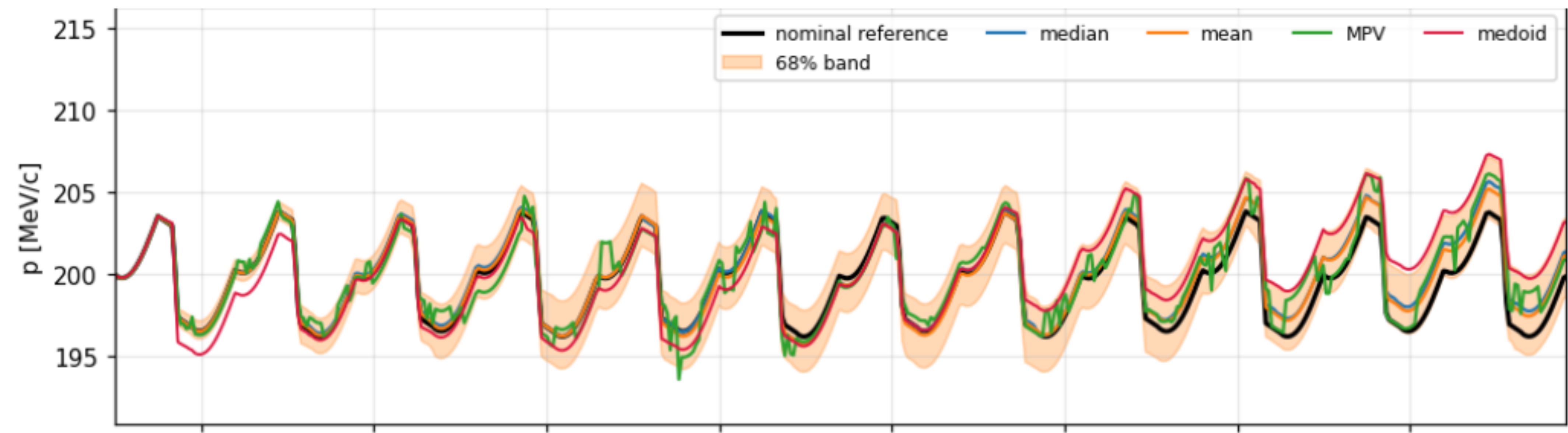
- The ensemble mean could be used as a representative stochastic particle directly for HFOfO channel tuning and optimization eliminating the need for manual tuning
- The next step is implementation within G4beamline.

Back-up

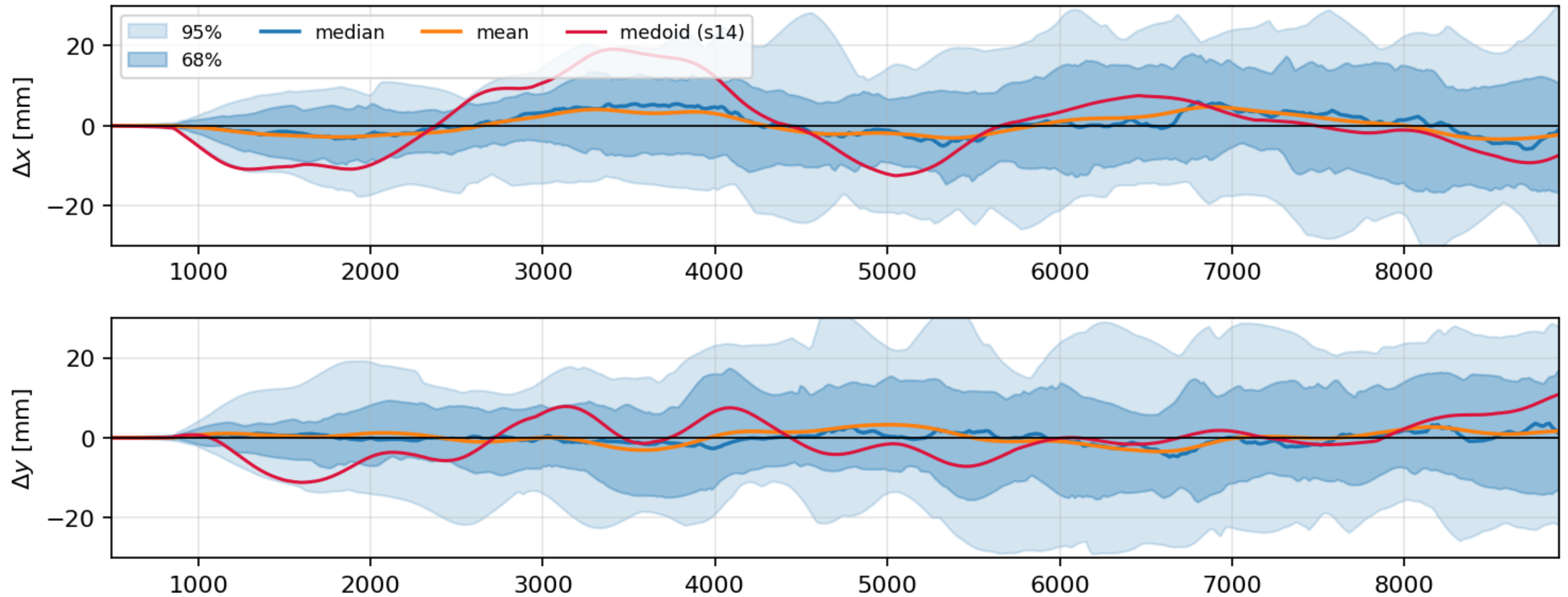
Transverse Phase Space



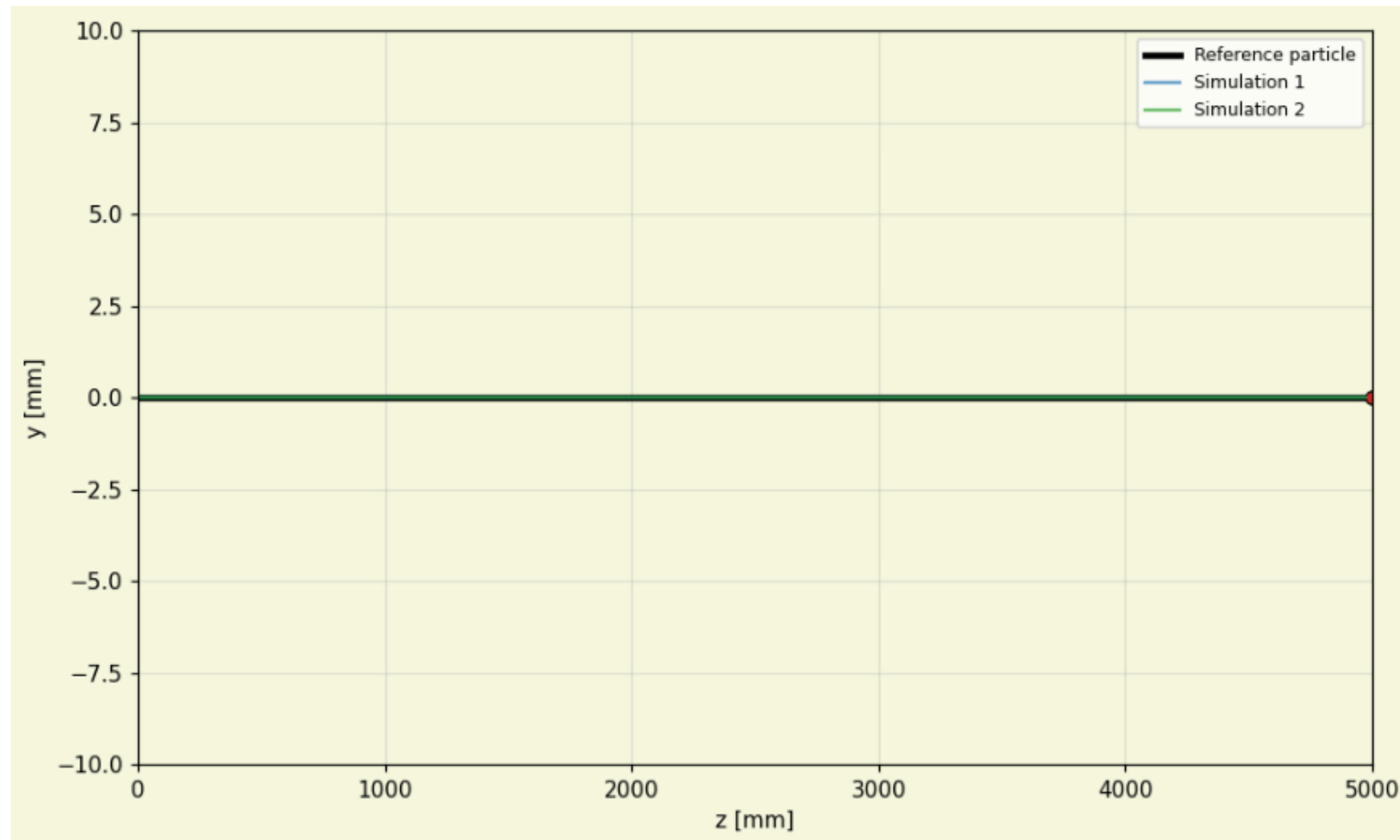
Longitudinal Momentum



Transverse Phase Space



Closure test



- Reference and realistic reference particles through vacuum: Every realistic sample must be identical to the nominal reference.